Multi-Country, Multi-Species Comparisons of Seafood Consumption Decisions: Lifestyle, Country Image and Product Perceptions

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Overview of the project

- Identify the positions of seafood
- Analyze and compare consumers' seafood consumption behavior and choices
- Target species
 - Salmon
 - Cod
 - Herring

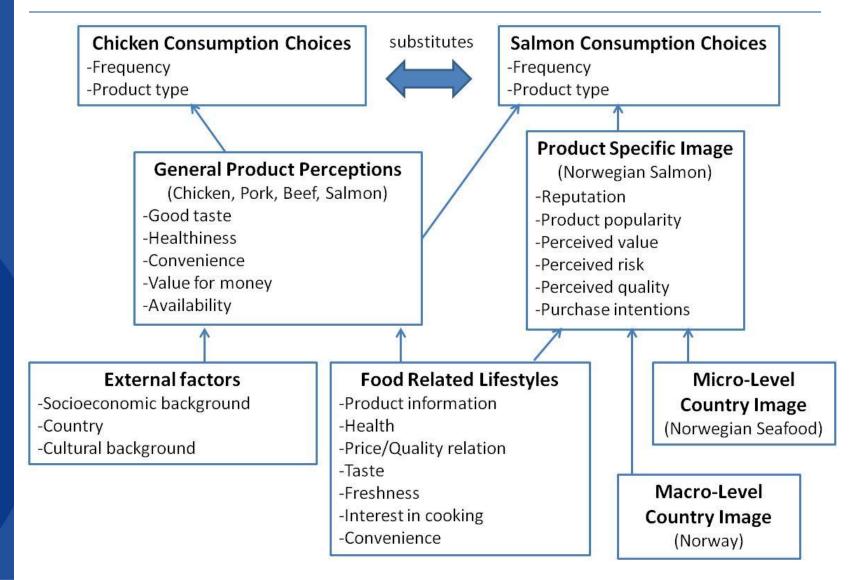


- Salmon (UK, Russia, Germany, France, Sweden)
- Cod (UK, France, Germany, Sweden)
- Herring (Russia, Germany, Poland, Sweden)
- Target the general population
- Sample size 500 per country per species





Conceptual Diagram (Salmon)





Today's Presentation

- Focus on <u>salmon</u> and <u>cod</u>
 - Comparisons of UK, France, Germany, Sweden (Russia)
- Food related lifestyle
- Product ratings of meat and fish
 - Taste, Healthiness, Value for money, Convenience, and Availability
 - Chicken, pork, beef, salmon, and cod
- Eating frequencies and factors that affect them
- Country of origin

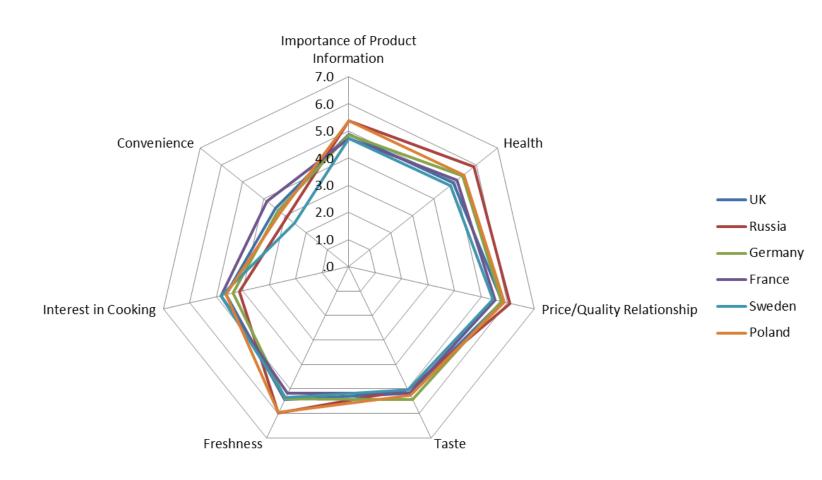


Food Related Lifestyles (FRL)

- "Lifestyle" function as an intervening factor between abstract cognitive categories (e.g., personal values) and situation specific product perceptions
- Validated over different countries
- Widely used in European and non-European countries over years
- 7 dimensions (Importance of product information, Health, Price/Quality relation, Taste, Freshness, Interest in cooking, and Convenience)



FRL Country Comparisons



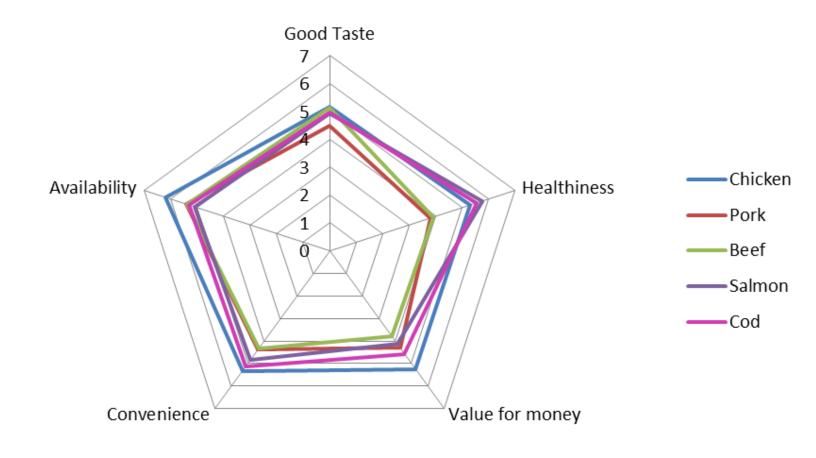


Product Ratings

- How would you rate each of the following meat categories in terms of good taste, healthiness, value for money, convenience, and availability? (scale from 1=extremely poor to 7=superior)
- Chicken, pork, beef, salmon, and cod
 - Country differences
 - Salmon/cod compared to other meat?
 - Cod positioned compared to salmon?

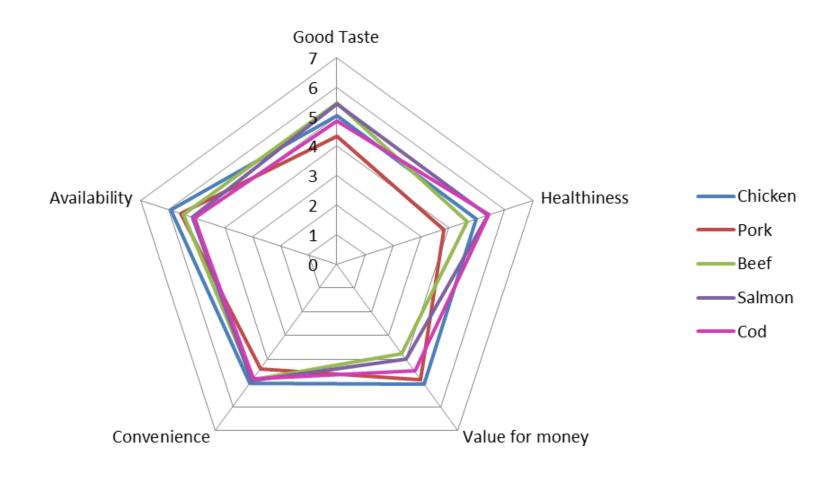


Product Ratings (UK)



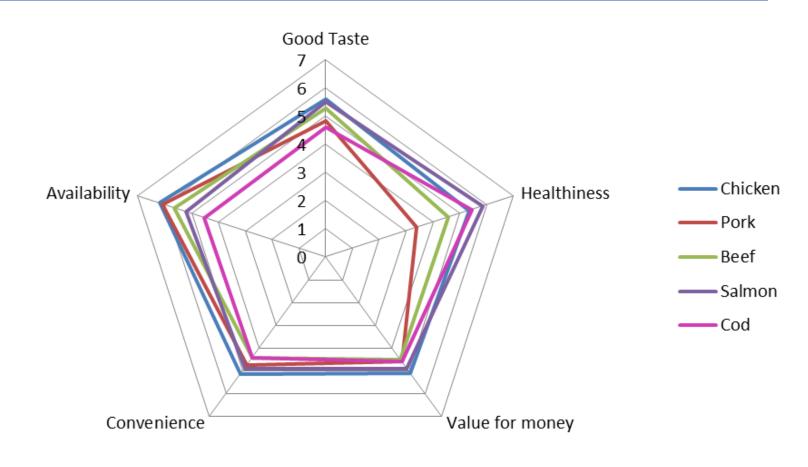


Product Ratings (France)



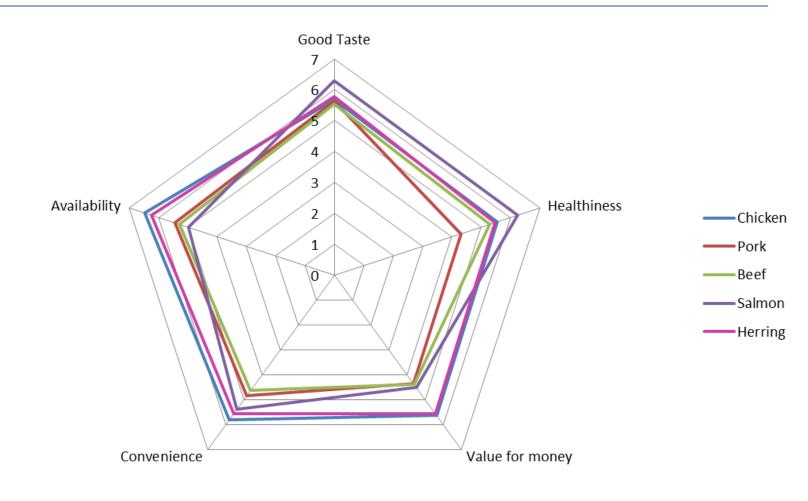


Product Ratings (Germany)



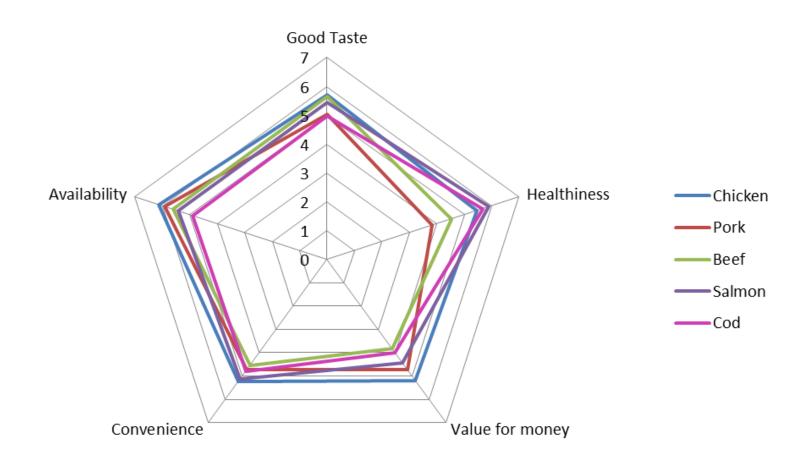


Product Ratings (Russia)



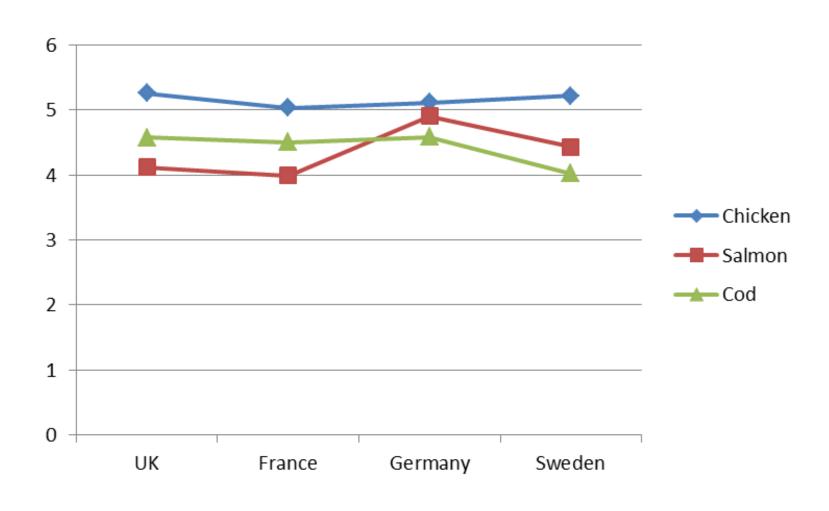


Product Ratings (Sweden)



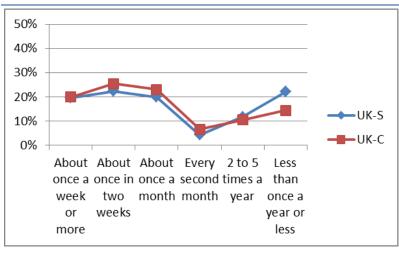


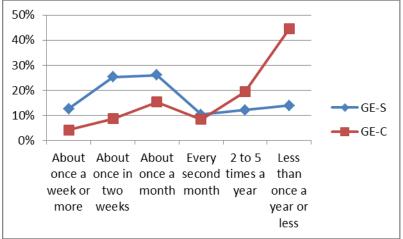
«Value for Money»



Universitetet i Stavanger

Consumption frequencies

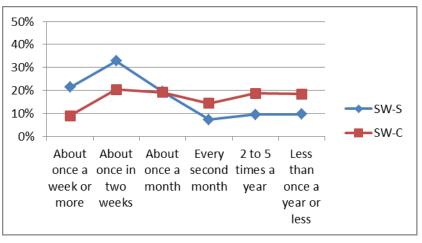




UK

50% 40% 30% 20% 10% About About About Every 2 to 5 Less once a once in once a secondtimes a than week two month month year once a or weeks year or more less

Germany



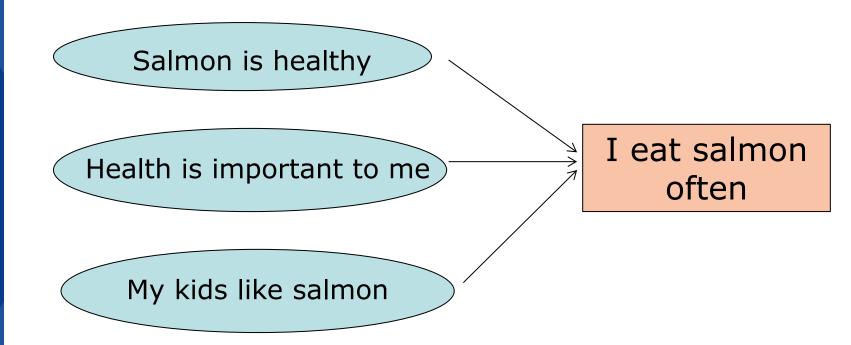
France

Sweden



What explains consumption frequencies?

- Food Related Lifestyle?
- Product rating?
- Socioeconomic background?





Exploratory Regression Analysis

- Dependent variable: eating frequency of salmon and cod (categorical)
- Independent variables
 - FRL
 - Product ratings for the respective product
 - Cross-frequency
 - Age, have kids, years of education



Factors

- Both FRL and product specific ratings are highly correlated → Problematic to put into the same regression equation
- These are reduced in dimensions using factor analysis

| | FRL | Product Rating |
|-------------|---|--|
| Quality | Product Info, Health, Price/Quality, Freshness | Good taste, Healthiness, Value for money |
| Convenience | Interest in cooking, Convenience | Convenience, Availability |
| Taste | Taste over health | |



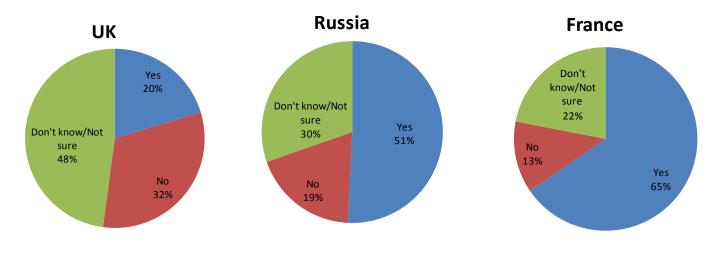
Regression Results (Summary)

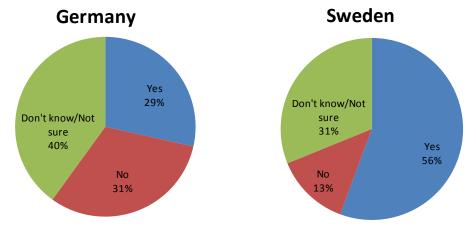
- About 30% to 40% of the variations explained
- Product ratings consistently significant across countries and species
- Cross-consumptions consistently positive and significant
- FRL and demographic results vary among countries and species



Country of Origin

Q: Have you bought seafood products from Norway before?







Country Image

 Positive correlations among different levels of images



- Positive correlations between country image and purchase intentions
- Positive correlation between country image and eating frequencies



Summary

- Positioning of salmon and cod
 - Strong in "health" dimension for both species
 - Mixed result in other criteria
 - Large variation by country
- Eating frequencies
 - Strong link to perceived quality
 - Varying results with FRL and demographic variables
 - Also positively related to cross-consumption
- Country of origin
 - Limited knowledge in some countries
 - Positive relations found in preliminary analysis among
 - Different levels of country images
 - Country image and consumption



What's next?

- More fine-tuned country by country analysis
 - FRL
 - Product ratings
 - Country of origin
- Market segmentation using FRL
 - Exploring the relationship with consumer behavior
 - Characterization of the segment by observable measures
- More comprehensive modeling of the effect of country of origin and country image

Thank you!

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